



焦作师范高等专科学校



新思维建构英语语法

2.2 名词的数

外国语学院
主讲：惠艳丽



知识激活



探究学习



请观察下列名词的复数形式，尝试归纳并分类。

map-maps

box-boxes

country-countries

foot-feet

hero-heroes

zoo-zoos

page-pages

city-cities

boy-boys

mouse-mice

knife-knives

family-families

house-houses

radio-radios

tomato-tomatoes

watch-watches

dish-dishes

child-children

leaf-leaves

potato-potatoes

life-lives

story-stories

wolf-wolves

man-men

类别1 _____

类别2 _____

类别3 _____

类别4 _____

类别5 _____

类别6 _____



答疑解惑



请观察下列名词的复数形式，尝试归纳并分类。

- 类1 map-maps; house-houses; page-pages; zoo-zoos; radio-radios; boy-boys;
类2 box-boxes; watch-watches; dish-dishes;
类3 country-countries; city-cities; family-families
类4 knife-knives; life-lives; wolf-wolves;
类5 hero-heroes; tomato-tomatoes; potato-potatoes;
类6 foot-feet; mouse-mice; child-children; man-men;



系统归纳



名词的数 (1)

	情况	构成	例词
规 则 变 化	大部分名词 (含不发音 元音字母 e 结尾的名词)	词尾加-s	maps, books, desks, names, roses
	以s, x, sh, ch结尾的名词	词尾加-es	buses, boxes, matches, benches,
	辅音字母+y结尾的名词	变y为i加-es	babies, ladies, universities
	元音字母+y结尾的	词尾加-s	days, toys, rays
	以f, fe结尾的名词	变f, fe为v加-es	lives, leaves, wolves
	以元音或元音字母+o结尾	词尾加-s	pianos, studios, bamboos
	以辅音+o结尾的名词	词尾加-es	heroes, vetoes, echoes

名词的数 (2)

	情况	变形	例词
不 规 则 变 化	oo	变成ee	feet, geese, teeth
	a	变成e	men, women
	单复数同形	不变	sheep, deer, Chinese, Japanese
	无规律		mice, crisis



自我评价



知识拓展



复合名词的数

bookshelf → bookshel**ves**

woman teacher → women**s** teachers

looker-on → looker**s**-on

grown-up → grown-up**s**

复合名词的数

复合名词的数

无连字符号的复合名词

直接在词尾变复数 eg. bookshelves

前后同时变复数 eg. men doctors

有连字符号的复合名词

有主体词 eg. lookers-on

无主体词 eg. grown-ups

不可数名词数量的表达方式

news → a **piece** of news; two **pieces** of news

sugar → a **bag** of sugar; three **bags** of sugar

bread → a **loaf** of bread; five **loaves** of bread



特殊词汇

time ---- times;
(时间) (时代)

glass ---- glasses;
(玻璃) (眼镜)

experience ---- experiences;
(经验) (经历)

water ---- waters;
(水) (水域)

sand ---- sands;
(沙子) (沙滩)

wood----woods
(木材) (树林)



翻译挑战 (1)

Behind the mountains there are people to be found.

天外有天，山外有山。

Deep rivers move in silence, shallow brooks are noisy.

河深流静，溪浅声高。

Deaf ears to dirty speeches.

耳不听不烦。

Money makes friends enemies.

金钱能把朋友变仇敌。



翻译挑战（2）

New-born calves don't fear wolves.

初生牛犊不怕虎。

Do nothing by halves.

凡事不可半途而废。

Lookers-on see more than players.

当局者迷，旁观者清。

Joy and sorrow are next-door neighbors.

欢乐和悲哀是近邻。



巩固提高



请结合今天学习的名词的数，选出最恰当的一项，并给出一个合理的解释。

- (1) There is an _____ and three _____ on the table.
A. apples; pears B. apple; pear C. apple; pears D. apples; pear
- (2) _____ turn green in spring.
A. Leaf B. Leaves C. Grass D. Tree
- (3) We can see two _____ in the cage.
A. sheep B. dog C. rabbit D. bird
- (4) My mother bought me a pair of _____.
A. book B. shoe C. trousers D. sock



请结合今天学习的名词的数，选出最恰当的一项，并给出一个合理的解释。

- (5) The wonderful performance given yesterday was a great _____ .
A. success B. failure C. disaster D. disappointment
- (6) Could you give me a _____ ?
A. advice B. news C. answer D. piece of advice
- (7) -- What can I do for you?
-- I want two _____ and two _____ please.
A. hot dogs; cola B. hot dog; colas
C. hot dogs; colas D. hot dog; cola



请结合今天学习的名词的数，选出最恰当的一项，并给出一个合理的解释。

(8) He is _____ than his brother.

A. more sportsman

B. more of a sportsman

C. sportsman enough

D. enough of a sportsman

(9) The children played under the watchful _____ of their father.

A. eyes

B. eye

C. look

D. watch

(10) She is _____.

A. something of a poet

B. anything of a poet

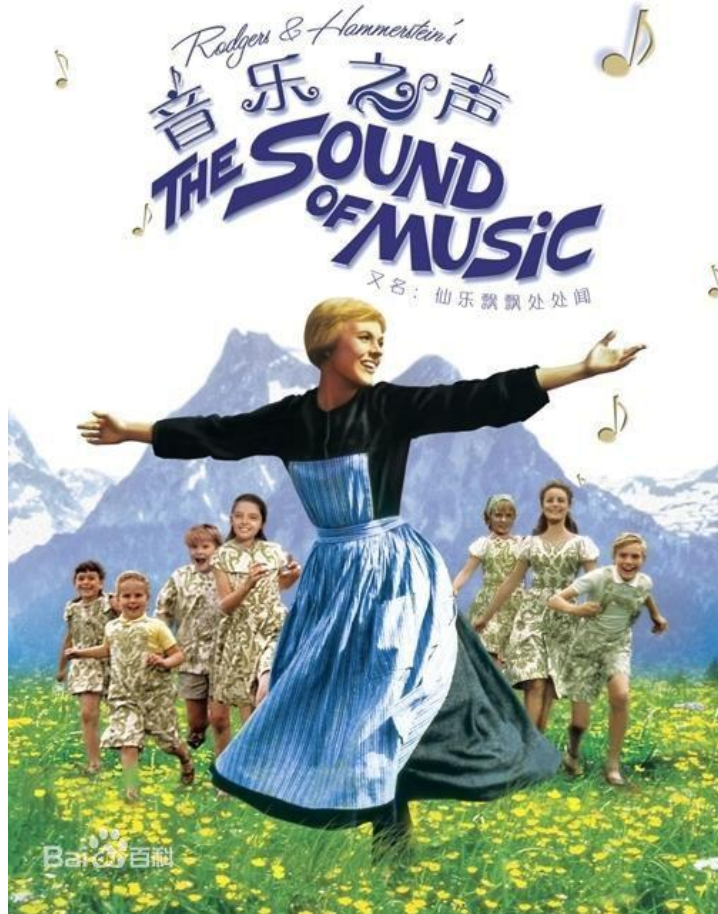
C. something of the poet

D. anything of the poet



灵活运用

The Sound of Music





Thank you!